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What is claimed is:

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1. A method for enhancing blood flow in a body part of a patient, the method comprising:

inserting the body part through a port in a hypobaric chamber;

forming a non-occlusive seal at the port around the body part so that the seal does not contact the body part;

creating a mild negative pressure within the chamber relative to an ambient pressure; and

exposing the body part to the mild negative pressure for a pre-determined period.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the non-occlusive seal comprises an adjustable iris comprising a pliable elastic material having an outer edge and a center opening with a center edge, wherein the outer edge is attached to the port and a plurality of radially-adjustable slides is attached to the center edge so that the pliable elastic material is stretched between the port and the slides.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the pliable elastic material is latex or a similar rubber-like material.

4. The method of claim 2, wherein each of the plurality of slides includes means for locking the slide in place after adjustment.

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the mild negative pressure is less than 50 mmHg.
 - 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the mild negative pressure is within the range of -10 to -20 mmHg.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the body part is a foot or lower leg.
 - 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the patient is diabetic.

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9. The method of claim 1, wherein the body part is a hand or forearm.

- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the pre-determined period comprises a pre determined length of time.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the pre-determined period comprises a length of time required to reach a pre-determined value of a parameter.
- 10 12. A device for enhancing blood flow in a body part of a patient, the device comprising:

a hypobaric chamber;

a port formed in the chamber through which the body part may be inserted into the chamber;

an adjustable aperture disposed within the port for encircling the body part at the point of entry into the chamber to create a non-occlusive seal;

a vacuum source for generating a mild negative pressure within the chamber; and

vacuum tubing for connecting the vacuum source to the chamber.

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- 13. The device as in claim 12, wherein the adjustable aperture comprises an iris comprising a pliable elastic material having an outer edge and a center opening with a center edge, wherein the outer edge is attached to the port and a plurality of radially-adjustable slides is attached to the center edge so that the pliable elastic material is stretched between the port and the slides.
- 14. The device as in claim 13, wherein the pliable material is latex or rubber-like material.
- 30 15. The device as in claim 12, wherein the mild negative pressure is less than ambient pressure and higher than -50 mmHg.

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16. The device as in claim 15, wherein the mild negative pressure is in the range of -10 to -20 mmHg.

17. A method for treatment of impaired microcirculation in a diabetic patient, the method comprising:

inserting an affected limb through a port in a hypobaric chamber; adjusting a non-occlusive seal around the limb;

creating a mild negative pressure within the chamber relative to ambient, wherein the mild negative pressure is less than -50 mmHg; and

exposing the limb to the mild negative pressure for a pre-determined period.

- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the non-occlusive seal comprises an iris comprising a pliable elastic material having an outer edge and a center opening with a center edge, wherein the outer edge is attached to the port and a plurality of radially-adjustable slides is attached to the center edge so that the pliable elastic material is stretched between the port and the slides.
- 19. The method of claim 17, wherein the mild negative pressure is -10 mmHg.

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- 20. The method of claim 17, wherein the affected limb is a lower leg and the non-occlusive seal is disposed around the patient's upper calf.
- 21. The method of claim 17, wherein the pre-determined period comprises 25 a pre-determined length of time.
 - 22. The method of claim 17, wherein the pre-determined period comprises a length of time required to reach a pre-determined value of a parameter.